



Annex 1: SEA-EU task 2.3 micro-credentials "Future Skills" Framework

The SEA-EU micro-credential Framework on "Future Skills"

	Skills/Competenc	Learning outcomes
Meta-categories	es	g .
	Adaptability	Students
	competences	- define techniques and methods for
	Adaptability	proactive behavior in unknown situations
	competence	- identify challenges in learning and
	encompasses the	working environments
	knowledge, skills	- describe improvisation techniques for
	and responsible	dealing with change
	attitude to	- implement adaptation strategies for
	approach	dealing with unknown challenges
	unknown	- evaluate individual learning and working
	situations	steps for dealing with unknown situations
	positively, to work	or challenges
	on several tasks	- integrate improvisation techniques into
	simultaneously	the adaptation process
	and to deal	- evaluate their intrinsic motivation in
	constructively	adaptation situations
	with change.	- assess their own role in working with
Higher order		others in unfamiliar situations
		- develop priorities for adaptation in
thinking		challenging or unfamiliar situations, taking
competences		into account their own needs and the
competences		needs of others
	Problem solving	Students
	competences	- recognize complex problems from
	Problem-solving	diverse domains, identifying key
	competence	components and interrelationships.
	comprises the	- synthesize information from various
	knowledge, skills,	disciplines, fostering a holistic
	and responsible	understanding of problems and solutions.
	attitude required	- name problem-solving theories and
	to effectively	models
	identify, analyze,	- evaluate information objectively, identify
	and resolve	assumptions, and form well-reasoned
	complex issues	conclusions.
	and challenges	- generate innovative solutions to complex
	within a given	issues.
	context. It	- cultivate a resilient attitude towards
	involves the	problem-solving, demonstrating
	application of	perseverance in the face of setbacks.























critical thinking,
creativity, and
ethical
considerations to
navigate and
overcome
obstacles in a
systematic and
effective manner.
Cuiti and and

 appreciate diverse perspectives, fostering collaboration and enhancing their ability to tackle multifaceted problems.

develop a heightened awareness of ethical considerations in problem-solving, ensuring that their solutions contribute positively to society.

Critical and Systems thinking competences

The competence of critical thinking encompasses the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude for process-based thinking behavior that serves to systematically analyze and evaluate information, ideas and arguments and to reach factually sound conclusions.

Students

- identify different arguments and claims for their critical analysis
- recognize facts, concepts, theories and principles of the respective field of knowledge that are relevant to carry out an informed, critical analysis
- name basic steps and techniques of critical thinking
- combine different techniques of critical thinking to analyze experiences, complex information and theories critically and objectively
- formulate questions to critically analyze arguments and conclusions
- develop and evaluate rational arguments from existing perspectives
- use facts, concepts, theories and principles of the respective field of knowledge to develop alternative solutions in the critical thinking process
- find assessment standards for comparing different theses and arguments
- recognize their own subjectivity
- develop a value system that appreciates existing arguments, theses or decisions in the process of critical thinking
- critically weigh different perspectives against each other
- take a responsible stance on their own and other arguments

Self competences

Active Learning competences
Active Learning competence encompasses the knowledge, skills and responsible

- identify personal needs and areas of learning
- describe different learning methods
- recognise techniques and methods for planning, reviewing and adapting their own learning























attitude required to develop actively individual learning strategies and to shape selforganised one's own learning process in a solution-oriented manner.

assess their own level of developmentcreate individual learning and

development goals

- organise and evaluate their own learning process

- identify their own preferred learning methods

- develop a personalised learning strategy

 consider solution-orientated changes and opportunities for learning

- are convinced of their own ability to achieve goals

 internalise the positive appreciation of learning as a life-enriching activity

- take the initiative to extend and deepen their own learning

Self-awareness competences

Self-awareness competence comprises the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to recognize and classify one's own patterns and strategies in behavior and to align behavior with these insights and

values.

Students

- identify techniques and methods of selfreflection
- identify personality and basic
 psychological models for self-reflection
 review techniques, methods and models
 of self-reflection by applying them in
 relation to their own personality
- develop the ability to self-observe
- analyse their own motives in self-reflection
- develop skills for self-regulation
- become aware of their own emotional state in the process of self-reflection
- find assessment standards for their own values and behaviour through selfreflection
- weigh different perspectives against each other and relate them to their own perception in self-reflection
- reflect on personal stereotypes,
 behavioural patterns and prejudices
- develop an awareness of and selfconfidence in their own abilities in the process of self-reflection

Complexity and ambiguity competences

Complexity and ambiguity competence

- identify concepts of complexity and ambiguity
- identify techniques and strategies for coping with complexity and ambiguity
 identify complex challenges and























comprises the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to recognize, classify and accept ambiguity and heterogeneity in situations and roles

conflicting goals

- analyse contradictory information and role expectations
- analyse contradictions
- examine the handling of complex systems consisting of many interconnected parts that often interact in a non-linear way
- evaluate unconventional and innovative solutions
- manage systems that are difficult to predict due to their diversity, dynamics and emergence
- allow for uncertainties in complex systems
- honour different perspectives in ambiguity
- accept ambiguity in their world view
- tolerate emergent phenomena and chaos

Social and communication competences

Collaboration and | Students networking competences

Collaboration and networking competences comprises the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to face challenges in a group in a collaborative and participative way in order to solve a problem or achieve a goal and to establish, maintain and use effective connections and

- name tools for collaboration
- name collaboration theories and cocreation methods
- define common working methods and forms of collaboration
- describe effective communication and dialogue strategies that facilitate the development and maintenance of relationships in a network
- name strategies and techniques for finding, analysing and sharing relevant information in order to identify resources and expertise within the network
- characterise strategies and techniques to successfully build relationships in networks
- create a positive working atmosphere in collaboration
- plan a common setting for cooperative work
- organise the roles and tasks of the cooperation partners
- jointly combine goals and solutions for successful collaboration
- use tools, techniques and strategies to build and maintain relationships in a









networks.













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network

- develop procedures to bring people and ideas together in an interdisciplinary way
- connect people and in this way contribute to the success of the network
- honour the individuality of the cooperation partners
- develop shared values for their collaboration
- categorise the goals and values of the cooperation partners
- align their behaviour with the goals of the collaboration
- participate in networks
- practise respect and appreciation when dealing with other people in the network
 establish relationships between people to build and maintain the network

Communication competences

Communication competence encompasses the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to communicate clearly, comprehensibly and congruently and thus to contribute to building interpersonal relationships, avoiding misunderstanding s and improving the quality of communication.

- recognise the structure of conversations, presentations and written messages
- name methods and models of comprehensible communication
- recognise paralinguistic features of communication
- recognise the significance of gestures, facial expressions, posture and tone of voice
- compare how non-verbal signals are interpreted in different cultures
- use the appropriate words to convey information, thoughts and ideas clearly and precisely
- select language and body language appropriate to the target group and situation
- develop self-control to consciously manage their own non-verbal communication
- examine the possible effects of their own non-verbal communication on others
- base their communication behaviour on the principles of honesty and authenticity
- practise clarity in verbal and non-verbal communication, share information openly and thus avoid misunderstandings























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	Leadership	Students
	competences	- present the principles of good leadership
	Leadership	- recognise classic and modern leadership
	competence	styles
	encompasses the	- define feedback rules
	knowledge, skills	- explain socio-psychological experiments
	and responsible	and phenomena from the context of
	attitude to	leadership
	successfully lead,	- name definitions of leadership from
	motivate and	various disciplines
	influence a group	- develop a confident appearance in
	of people or an	leadership situations
	organization to	- apply communication tools for
	achieve common	leadership situations
	goals.	- design smart goals for themselves and as
		a leader for others
		- assess tools for self-leadership and for
		leading others
		- organise leadership situations with
		people and goals in mind
		- develop clarity and a self-reflective
		attitude with regard to their own
		leadership role
		- develop a value-oriented attitude in
		leadership situations that is characterised
		by empathy and appreciation
		- align their leadership behaviour with
		principles of integrity and ethics in dealing
		with power
	Entrepreneurship	Students
	competences	- identify techniques for developing their
	Entrepreneurship	own ideas for successful entrepreneurial
	competences	activity or business start-ups
	encompasses the	- recognise methods for carrying out
	knowledge, skills	market analyses
	and responsible	- explain the legal requirements and
	attitude to	conditions for setting up and running a
Transformative	establish and	business
competences	successfully	- describe methods for estimating and
l	manage a	evaluating risks
	company by	- describe methods of business model
	developing	development
	innovative	- develop their own ideas for new
	solutions,	business models and entrepreneurial
	recognizing	decisions
	opportunities and	- evaluate innovation potentials for start-
	taking risks. This	up projects and entrepreneurial decisions























includes market and customer understanding, financial management, marketing, personnel management and adaptability.

- use methods, tools and techniques for successful business start-ups and management
- convince others of their ideas or proposed solutions for entrepreneurial challenges, cooperation or investment
- flexibly assess changing challenges and requirements for their entrepreneurial activities
- orientate their behaviour towards independence, initiative, openness to innovation and constructive cooperation in entrepreneurial processes
- find benchmarks for assessing the sustainability of start-up projects and entrepreneurial decisions
- evaluate risks and affirm change in the entrepreneurial decision-making process
- practise a culture of networking and communication to promote start-up projects and entrepreneurial success
- develop an attitude of responsibility towards social, operational and human challenges in start-up projects and entrepreneurial decisions

Citizenship competences

Citizenship competence comprises the knowledge, skills, and responsible attitude required to navigate, engage, and contribute effectively in diverse societal contexts. It involves a deep understanding of global issues, legal and political systems, and cultural perspectives, fostering the

- name the major components of global issues, including legal and political systems
- explain cultural perspectives and their impact on social interactions
- Students explain relationships between different cultural values and behaviors within different communities
- create well-founded solutions for complex social challenges in different contexts
- analyze and evaluate the interplay of legal frameworks, cultural dynamics and global issues
- develop proposals to advocate for positive social change in a way that respects diverse perspectives and promotes inclusive dialog
- articulate personal values associated with citizenship, expressing an understanding of the significance of responsible engagement in diverse























ability to critically analyze information and communicate effectively. societal contexts and attaching subjective worth to participation

- actively participate in discussions on citizenship competences, expressing their reactions, opinions, and questions related to societal issues
- integrate ethical values into their decision-making processes, illustrating how these values contribute to responsible citizenship in diverse societal contexts
- demonstrate a commitment to upholding ethical standards and values associated with citizenship competences, both in academic and real-world scenarios.
 critically examine their own values in the
- critically examine their own values in the context of global issues, legal systems, and cultural perspectives

Global awareness competences

Global awareness competences comprise the knowledge, skills, and responsible attitude required to comprehend and engage with the complex interconnections of our interconnected world. This includes a comprehensive understanding of global issues spanning social, economic, and environmental realms, as well as the ability to analyze and interpret diverse cultural perspectives.

- analyze global issues by critically examining the interconnected relationships between social, economic, and environmental factors, demonstrating the ability to discern patterns and evaluate the implications of these interconnections on a global scale assess the economic dimensions of global challenges, utilizing economic theories and models to analyze the distribution of resources, trade patterns, and the socio-economic disparities that influence global development.
- apply cross-cultural communication skills to engage with diverse stakeholders, fostering effective collaboration and negotiation in the pursuit of global solutions to social, economic, and environmental challenges.
- create innovative strategies for addressing global challenges, integrating insights from social, economic, and environmental perspectives to propose comprehensive and adaptable solutions.
- design and implement projects that contribute positively to global well-being, applying their knowledge and skills to address real-world challenges and





















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promoting responsible and sustainable practices on a global scale.

- participate in activities that require them to analyze and interpret information from diverse cultural perspectives.
- articulate personal values related to global citizenship, expressing empathy and concern for the well-being of people worldwide.
- actively contribute to the development of global ethical frameworks, integrating values and principles into their decisionmaking processes.

Data Literacy competences

Data literacy encompasses the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to effectively collect, understand, analyze and use data, big data and AI.

Students

- identify basic principles of mathematics and statistics when dealing with data list databases, query languages, programming languages and data visualisation tools for analysing data explain ethical and legal aspects of data processing and describe the effects in terms of data security, data protection regulations, access rights, etc. (including the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) identify various procedures for handling data from creation to deletion (data life cycle)
- collect, classify and evaluate data
- create data products including products based on large language models (LLM)
- explain AI
- use and reflect on the use of Al-products
- analyse and check data to uncover hidden biases and errors
- implement appropriate guidelines for secure and ethical data processing, including the processing of big data for Al-Models
- follow a responsible approach to data, big data and AI
- practise openness, curiosity and a willingness to learn when dealing with data and digital innovations (e.g. Artificial Intelligence, machine learning, etc.)
- organise their work and interaction with data according to ethical principles: Avoidance of discrimination and prejudice,

Digital and media competences























as well as compliance with legal rules and regulations; "data fairness" as a basic attitude

Media literacy competences

Media literacy competences encompasses the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to understand, compare and critically evaluate, select and create media in a responsible way so that they are used effectively and in different contexts.

- name different types, formats and channels of media for different target groups
- characterise the criteria for high-quality, trustworthy media content
- describe the effects of different media
- describe methodological approaches to media analysis
- compare media and data according to specific criteria, e.g. seriousness, credibility/trustworthiness, risk of manipulation
- name criteria for a technically proficient use of different media
- explain the advantages and disadvantages, opportunities and risks of different types of media
- describe methods for recognising manipulated content, advertising and disinformation
- apply various media analysis methods
- assess media systematically by collecting and analysing evidence that leads to wellfounded conclusions
- assess interests and conditions of media production and distribution
- examine various media critically and competently in order to use them to form opinions and make decisions
- use media interactively, purposefully and in a target group-orientated way to communicate their own thoughts and knowledge
- critically assess their own media usage behaviour and adapt it if necessary
- configure the media used on the basis of security and privacy settings
- are committed to an analytical-critical, evidence-based attitude towards media
- weigh up the importance of media in shaping perceptions of reality, (political) opinion-forming and social behaviour
- recognise the importance of flexibility,























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		adaptability, willingness to learn and problem-solving skills when dealing with rapidly changing media - follow rules of behaviour and appropriate communication when using media - develop a critical, self-reflective and responsible attitude with regard to their own media usage behaviour - feel committed to a data protection-compliant and rights-preserving approach to media - have the principle of taking a stand against disinformation, propaganda and
		hate speech
	Digital collaboration competences Digital collaboration encompasses the knowledge, skills and responsible attitude to exchange information in the digital space, to communicate effectively and to collaborate with the help of digital tools, platforms, and communication technologies, along with the ability to leverage them for seamless collaboration.	Students - name tools for digital interaction and virtual collaboration - characterise the potentials and challenges of human-machine interaction - identify the opportunities and limitations of digital communication and interaction - identify the opportunities and challenges of digital interaction - identify the opportunities and challenges of digital interaction - apply different tools for effective and appropriate digital interaction - configure connections to other interaction partners in the digital space with the help of digital tools - create a constructive working atmosphere for virtual collaboration - design solutions for conflicts in the digital space - use indicators to analyse human-human and human-machine interaction in the digital space - evaluate the special features of digital communication - develop a change-conscious and responsible attitude towards (new) tools for digital interaction - accept ambiguity in digital
		communication and practise patience in contradictory situations - practise the principle of transparency in













virtual collaboration











Based on:

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